5th Grade Science: Teacher Training Agenda

- Fifth Grade Science Curriculum and CMT Overview Presentation 45 min
- GEMS Light Kit Activity 45 min
- Catch It Task and Senses 30 min
- Post It Lab Experimentation 25 min
- Sample Assessments 20 min

Attachments:

- Presentation Notes
- New Haven Science Curriculum Overview and Frameworks K-5
- K-5 CT State Grade Level Expectations
- CMT Science Overview
- GEMS Light Kit Summaries
- Catch It Task Student, Teacher
- Post It Lab
- Sample Assessment

GEMS LIGHT KITS 1) COLOR ANALYZERS

	Key Concepts	Key Misconceptions	Standards
Activity One: Use diffraction grating to look at light sources	Light travels in straight paths from a source until they hit an object.	We see objects directly without light. A room is "full" of light.	Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Content Standard 5.2 GLE 6,7,8,9
Activity Two: Use Colored Filters to read secret messages	Some colors of light are absorbed and some are reflected by a colored object. We see an object when that color light hits it and is reflected into our eye.	Only mirrors reflect light. Eyes don't receive light.	Performance Standard B20 Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Content Standard 5.2 GLE 6,7,8,9 Performance Standard B20
Use Colored Filters to make secret messages			
Activity Three: Use diffraction grating to "split" white light into different colors.	White light is a combination of different color light, our eye perceives red, green, blue light.	White light is clear or colorless.	Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Content Standard 5.2 GLE 6,7,8,9 Performance Standard B20
Place colored paper into different color light.	Colored objects can appear different, depending on the light that hits it.	Colored objects always give off that color light.	Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Content Standard 5.2 GLE 6,7,8,9 Performance Standard B20
Activity Four: Students test observations of colored light.	Objects reflect or absorb light differently depending on the surface.		Content standard 5.1 GLE 21., 2.7 Performance Standard B19

GEMS LIGHT KITS 2) MORE THAN MAGNIFIERS

	Key Concepts	Key Misconceptions	Standards
Activity One: Explore with two	Light bends as it passes from one transparent	Light rays coming together	Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.1., 2.7
different curved lenses and water to	material to another.	make objects appear smaller.	Content Standard 5.4 GLE 1,5,6
see how lenses can magnify.	The image of an object is magnified by light	Light rays come from eyes.	
	rays coming together.		
	The curve of a lens determines the amount it		
	magnifies.		
Activity Two: Project an image on a	An upside down image of an object can be	Projected images are made	Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.7
piece of paper with a lens to make a	projected by a lens.	differently.	Performance Standard B24
"camera".	A camera and an eye have similar parts and	A camera needs many parts.	Content Standard 5.4 GLE 1,2,7,8
	functions (see chart)		
Activity Three: Use two lenses	A telescope magnifies objects by combining		Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.7
together to make a telescope.	magnifications.		Content Standard 5.4 GLE 1,2,4,6
			Performance Standard B25
Activity Four: Use a flashlight and	Projectors work to cast an image.		Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.7
lens to make a projector.			Content Standard 5.4 GLE 1,2
			Performance Standard B25
Extension: Use lenses and mirrors to	Flat mirrors reflect light with an equal and		Content standard 5.1 GLE 2.5
make a periscope.	opposite angle.		Performance Standard B19
			Content Standard 5.4 GLE 1,2,3
			Performance Standard B25

HUMAN EYE	CAMERA	FUNCTION	
Eyelid	Lens cap	Protect interior parts	
Pupil	Lens opening (aperture)	Control amount of light entering	
Cornea, lens	Lens	Focus light rays on a point	
Retina	Film (or digital medium)	Respond to light resulting in an image	